Attachment A

Current Plan Information for

Long-Term Disability

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SUMMARY OF	LINCOLN FINANCIAL GROUP GROUP LONG-TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE BENEFITS
Co	orpus Christi Regional Transportation Authority
EFFECTIVE DATE	June 1 st , 2006
ELIGIBILITY	All full-time active employees hired prior to June 1 st , 2006 and working 30 or more hours per week are eligible for Long-Term Disability (LTD) coverage on the effective date of this policy. A delayed effective date will apply if the employee is not actively at work on the date the insurance would otherwise take effect.
MONTHLY BENEFIT	If you are totally disabled beyond the Elimination Period due to a covered injury or sickness, you will be eligible to receive a monthly benefit equal to 66.67% of your basic monthly income, up to a maximum benefit of \$4,000.
	 LTD benefits will be reduced by disability or retirement benefits from the following sources: Social Security benefits (Primary and Family Social Security Integration), the Canada Pension Plan, the Quebec Pension Plan or any similar plan or act. Disability benefits for which the employee is eligible under: worker's compensation, occupational disease or similar law; state disability plans or any compulsory benefit act or law; any other group plan, sick leave or salary continuance plan of the employer; [disability benefits from any no-fault auto plan, individual policy, association group plan or franchise plan, or any automobile liability insurance policy]. Disability or retirement benefits under the employer's retirement plan or a government retirement plan. Any form of employment (full or part-time).
	 LTD benefits are not reduced by: 1) Distributions from profit sharing, 401k, IRA, TSA or stock ownership plans. 2) Non-qualified deferred compensation plans.
DEFINITION OF TOTAL DISABILITY	Total Disability is defined as the inability to perform each of the main duties of your own occupation, due to injury and sickness. The "own occupation" definition applies to the first 24 months of your disability. Following this, the definition of disability becomes the inability to perform any gainful occupation for which you are reasonably fitted, based on your experience, education or training.
ELIMINATION PERIOD	You need to satisfy a 90 day Elimination Period before benefits would begin. This Elimination Period can be satisfied with days of partial disability, total disability or a combination of both.
PROGRESSIVE PARTIAL DISABILITY BENEFIT	Your plan includes our Progressive Partial Disability Benefit. The partial disability benefit will not be reduced by earnings from any employer until those earnings, plus the policy benefit and other income benefits from other sources listed in your certificate (such as Social Security or worker's compensation), exceeds 100% of covered pre-disability earnings.
	 Partial disability benefits are payable until the earliest of the date you: Reach the later of [age 65] [Social Security Normal Retirement Age] or your maximum benefit period; Are no longer partially disabled or earn more than the earning cap shown in your certificate: 99% of your basic monthly earnings during the first 24 months of policy benefits; or 60% of your basic monthly earnings after the first 24 months of policy benefits; are able to engage in partial disability employment or work full-time, but chose not to; fail to take a medical exam or supply additional proof requested by Lincoln Financial; or
GI M-03751 Rev 12/06	

BENEFIT DURATION	Benefits will continue to be paid until you reach [age 65 / normal Social Security retirement age] as long as you meet the definition of disability. Please note that certain conditions may have limited benefit durations. Review your employee certificate of coverage for clarification.
LTD PRE-EXISTING CONDITION	Benefits will not be paid for any disability for which you received medical treatment, care or consultation, including diagnostic measures or took prescribed drugs or medications during the 3 months preceding your effective date under this policy, unless you remain treatment-free during your first 12 months of policy coverage or are covered under this policy.
PREGNANCY	Pregnancy is treated as any other disability. The definition of disability must be met and the elimination period completed before benefits would begin.
EXCLUSIONS & LIMITATIONS	 Lincoln Financial does not pay LTD benefits when a disability is: not under the regular care of a doctor; due to active participation in a riot or in the commission of a felony; due to war, declared or undeclared, or any act of armed aggression; the result of any intentional, self-inflicted injury or attempted suicide; or due to a pre-existing condition, except as described in the policy.
	 Benefits are reduced by any other income for which you are eligible from certain sources, including: Primary and Family Social Security disability or retirement or any similar program; Worker's compensation law, occupational disease law or any similar law; State disability plans or any compulsory benefit act or law; Other group disability plans (including sick leave or salary continuance); Any automobile liability insurance policy; Disability or retirement benefits through your employer; and Any form of employment (full or part-time).
	When a disability is due to mental illness, our standard contract considers benefits payable for up to a maximum period of 24 months. However, if the insured employee is hospital- confined at the end of the 24-month period, benefits may continue to be payable. There is a maximum period of 24 months for mental illness, substance abuse, chronic fatigue, environmental sickness, and musculoskeletal/connective tissue injury or sickness.
	ons, it's important to understand the difference in benefits and how they impact a disability claim. Your ntative can advise you on the appropriate choice for your situation.
	age and is not a binding contract. A certificate of coverage will be made available to you shortly which detail. Should there be differences between this summary and the contract, the contract will govern.

Coverage is underwritten by Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company, Omaha, NE, a Lincoln Financial Group company. Lincoln Financial Group is the marketing name for Lincoln National Corporation and its affiliates.



Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company 8801 Indian Hills Drive, Omaha NE 68114-4066 (800) 423-2765 A Stock Company

CERTIFIES THAT Group Policy No.

o. 000010092136

has been issued to

Corpus Christi Regional Transportation (The Group Policyholder)

The Issue Date of the Policy is June 1, 2007.

Certificate of Insurance for Class 1

You are entitled to the benefits described in this Certificate only if you are eligible, become and remain insured under the provisions of the Policy. This Certificate replaces any other certificates for the benefits described inside. As a Certificate of Insurance, it is not a contract of insurance; it only summarizes the provisions of the Policy and is subject to the Policy's terms. If the provisions of this Certificate and the Policy do not agree, the provisions of the Policy will apply.

Chief Executive Officer

WORKERS' COMPENSATION NOTICE

THE INSURANCE POLICY UNDER WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED IS NOT A POLICY OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR EMPLOYER TO DETERMINE WHETHER YOUR EMPLOYER IS A SUBSCRIBER TO THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION SYSTEM.

CERTIFICATE OF GROUP LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

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Corpus Christi Regional Transportation 000010092136

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

ELIGIBLE CLASS means: Class 1 All Full-Time Employees

MINIMUM HOURS PER WEEK: 30

LONG-TERM DISABILITY BENEFITS

WAITING PERIOD: 12 months of continuous Active Work (For date insurance begins, refer to "Effective Dates" section)

BENEFIT PERCENTAGE: 66 2/3%

MAXIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$4,000

MINIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$50

Long-Term Disability Benefits for PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS will be subject to the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion on the Exclusion page.

ELIMINATION PERIOD: 90 calendar days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury, which must be accumulated within a 180 calendar day period.

MAXIMUM BENEFIT PERIOD: (For Sickness, Injury or Pre-Existing Condition): The Insured Employee's Social Security Normal Retirement Age, or the Maximum Benefit Period shown below (whichever is later).

Age at Disability	Maximum Benefit Period	
Less than Age 60	To Age 65	
60	60 months	
61	48 months	
62	42 months	
63	36 months	
64	30 months	
65	24 months	
66	21 months	
67	18 months	
68	15 months	
69 and Over	12 months	

OWN OCCUPATION PERIOD means a period beginning at the end of the Elimination Period and ending 24 months later for Insured Employees.

TOLL-FREE TELEPHONE NUMBERS FOR INFORMATION AND COMPLAINTS

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To obtain information or make a complaint: You may call Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company's toll-free telephone number for information or to make a complaint at 1-800-423-2765.

You may also write to Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company at: 8801 Indian Hills Drive Omaha, Nebraska 68114-4066

You may contact the Texas Department of Insurance to obtain information on companies, coverages, rights or complaints at 1-800-252-3439.

You may write the Texas Department of Insurance P.O. Box #149104 Austin, TX 78714-9104 FAX # (512) 475-1771

PREMIUM OR CLAIM DISPUTES: Should you have a dispute concerning your premium or about a claim, you should contact the Company first. If the dispute is not resolved, you may contact the Texas Department of Insurance.

ATTACH THIS NOTICE TO YOUR POLICY: This notice is for information only and does not become a part or condition of the attached document.

AVISO IMPORTANTE

Para obtener informacion o para someter una queja: Usted puede llamar al numero de telefono gratis de Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company para informacion o para someter una queja al 1-800-423-2765.

Usted tambien puede escribir a Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company: 8801 Indian Hills Drive Omaha, Nebraska 68114-4066

Puede comunicarse con el Departamento de Seguros de Texas para obtener informacion acerca de companias, coberturas, derechos o quejas al 1-800-252-3439.

Puede escribir al Departamento de Seguros de Texas P.O. Box #149104 Austin, TX 78714-9104 FAX # (512) 475-1771

DISPUTAS SOBRE PRIMAS O RECLAMOS: Si tiene una disputa concerniente a su prima o a un

reclamo, debe comunicarse con el la compania primero. Si no se resuelve la disputa, puede entonces comunicarse con el departamento (TDI). UNA ESTE AVISO A SU POLIZA: Este aviso

es solo para proposito de informacion y no se convierte en parte o condicion del documento adjunto.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT COVERAGE UNDER THE TEXAS LIFE, ACCIDENT, HEALTH AND HOSPITAL SERVICE INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION (For insurers declared insolvent or impaired on or after September 1, 2005)

Texas law establishes a system, administered by the Texas Life, Accident, Health and Hospital Service Insurance Guaranty Association (the "Association"), to protect Texas policyholders if their life or health insurance company fails. Only the policyholders of insurance companies which are members of the Association are eligible for this protection which is subject to the terms, limitations, and conditions of the Association law. (The law is found in the Texas Insurance Code, Article 21.28-D.)

It is possible that the Association may not cover your policy in full or in part due to statutory limitations.

Eligibility for Protection by the Association

When a member insurance company is found to be insolvent and placed under an order of liquidation by a court or designated as impaired by the Texas Commissioner of Insurance, the Association provides coverage to policyholders who are:

- Residents of Texas at that time (irrespective of the policyholder's residency at policy issue);
 Residents of other states ONLY if the following conditions are met:
 - Residents of other states, ONLY if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The policyholder has a policy with a company domiciled in Texas;
 - (2) The policyholder's state of residence has a similar guaranty association; and
 - (3) The policyholder is not eligible for coverage by the guaranty association of the policyholder's state of residence.

Limits of Protection by the Association

Accident, Accident and Health, or Health Insurance:

For each individual covered under one or more policies: up to a total of \$500,000 for basic hospital, medical-surgical, and major medical insurance, \$300,000 for disability or long term care insurance, and \$200,000 for other types of health insurance.

Life Insurance:

- Net cash surrender value or net cash withdrawal value up to a total of \$100,000 under one or more policies on any one life; or
- * Death benefits up to a total of \$300,000 under one or more policies on any one life; or
- * Total benefits up to a total of \$5,000,000 to any owner of multiple non-group life policies.

Individual Annuities:

* Present value of benefits up to a total of \$100,000 under one or more contracts on any one life.

Group Annuities:

- Present value of allocated benefits up to a total of \$100,000 on any one life; or
- * Present value of unallocated benefits up to a total of \$5,000,000 for one contractholder regardless of the number of contracts.

Aggregate Limit:

\$300,000 on any one life with the exception of the \$500,000 health insurance limit, the \$5,000,000 multiple owner life insurance limit, and the \$5,000,000 unallocated group annuity limit.

Insurance companies and agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the Association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance. When you are selecting an insurance company, you should not rely on Association coverage.

Texas Life, Accident, Health and Hospital Service Insurance Guaranty Association 6504 Bridge Point Parkway, Suite 450 Austin, Texas 78730 800-982-6362 or www.txlifega.org Texas Department of Insurance P.O. Box 149104 Austin, Texas 78714-9104 800-252-3439 or www.tdi.state.tx.us

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DEFINITIONS

As used throughout this Certificate, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated below. Other parts of this Certificate contain definitions specific to those provisions.

ACTIVE WORK or ACTIVELY AT WORK means an Employee's full-time performance of all Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation, for the regularly scheduled number of hours, at:

- 1. the Employer's usual place of business; or
- 2. any other business location where the Employer requires the Employee to travel.

Unless disabled on the prior workday or on the day of absence, an Employee will be considered Actively at Work on the following days:

- 1. a Saturday, Sunday or holiday that is not a scheduled workday;
- 2. a paid vacation day or other scheduled or unscheduled non-workday; or
- 3. a non-medical leave of absence of 12 weeks or less, whether taken with the Employer's prior approval or on an emergency basis.

This includes a Military Leave or an approved Family or Medical Leave that is not due to the Employee's own health condition.

ANNUAL SALARY means the Insured Employee's BASIC MONTHLY EARNINGS or PREDISABILITY INCOME multiplied by 12.

BASIC MONTHLY EARNINGS or **PREDISABILITY INCOME** means the Insured Employee's average monthly base salary or hourly pay from the Employer before taxes on the Determination Date. The "Determination Date" is the last day worked just prior to the date the Disability begins.

It also includes:

1. paid commissions averaged over the 12 months just prior to the Determination Date; or over the actual period of employment with the Employer just prior to that date, if shorter.

It does not include bonuses, overtime pay, or any other extra compensation. It does not include income from a source other than the Employer. It will not exceed the amount shown in the Employer's financial records, the amount for which premium has been paid, or the Maximum Covered Monthly Earnings permitted by the Policy; whichever is less. (Maximum Covered Monthly Earnings equals the Maximum Monthly Benefit divided by the Benefit Percentage shown in the Schedule of Benefits.) Exception: For purposes of determining the amount of the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit, Basic Monthly Earnings will not exceed the amount shown in the Employer's financial records.

COMPANY means Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company, a Nebraska corporation. Its Home Office address is 8801 Indian Hills Drive, Omaha, Nebraska 68114-4066.

DAY or **DATE** means the period of time that begins at 12:01 a.m. and ends at 12:00 midnight, standard time, at the Policyholder's place of business. When used with regard to effective dates, it means 12:01 a.m. When used with regard to termination dates, it means 12:00 midnight.

DISABILITY or **DISABLED** means Total Disability or Partial Disability.

DISABILITY BENEFIT, when used with the term Retirement Plan, means a benefit that:

- 1. is payable under a Retirement Plan due to disability as defined in that plan; and
- 2. does not reduce the benefits that would have been paid as Retirement Benefits at the normal retirement age under the plan if the disability had not occurred.

If the payment of the benefit does cause such a reduction, the benefit will be deemed a Retirement Benefit as defined in the Policy.

ELIMINATION PERIOD means the number of days of Disability during which no benefit is payable. The Elimination Period is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. It applies as follows.

- 1. The Elimination Period:
 - a. begins on the first day of Disability; and
 - b. is satisfied when the required number of days is accumulated within a period which does not exceed two times the Elimination Period.

During a period of Disability, the Insured Employee may return to full-time work, at his or her own or any other occupation, for an accumulated number of days not to exceed the Elimination Period.

 Only days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury will count towards the Elimination Period. Days on which the Insured Employee returns to full-time work will not count towards the Elimination Period.

EMPLOYEE or FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE means a person:

- 1. whose employment with the Employer is the person's main occupation;
- 2. whose employment is for regular wage or salary;
- 3. who is regularly scheduled to work at such occupation at least the Minimum Hours Per Week shown in the Schedule of Benefits;
- 4. who is a member of an Eligible Class which is eligible for coverage under the Policy;
- 5. who is not a temporary or seasonal employee; and
- 6. who is a citizen of the United States or legally works in the United States.

EMPLOYER means the Policyholder. It includes any division, subsidiary or affiliated company named in the Application or Participation Agreement.

EVIDENCE OF INSURABILITY means a statement of proof of an Employee's medical history. The Company uses this to determine his or her acceptance for insurance or an increased amount of insurance. Such proof will be provided at the Employee's own expense.

FAMILY OR MEDICAL LEAVE means an approved leave of absence that:

- 1. is subject to the federal FMLA law (the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 and any amendments to it) or a similar state law;
- 2. is taken in accord with the Employer's leave policy and the law which applies; and
- 3. does not exceed the period approved by the Employer and required by that law.

Under the federal FMLA law, such leaves are permitted for up to 12 weeks in a 12-month period, as defined by the Employer. The 12 weeks:

- 1. may consist of consecutive or intermittent work days; or
- 2. may be granted on a part-time equivalency basis.

If an Employee is entitled to a leave under both the federal FMLA law and a similar state law, he or she may elect the more favorable leave (but not both). If an Employee is on an FMLA leave due to his or her own health condition on the date Policy coverage takes effect, he or she is not considered Actively at Work.

FULL-TIME, as it applies to the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit, means the average number of hours the Insured Employee was regularly scheduled to work, at his or her Own Occupation, during the month just prior to:

- 1. the date the Elimination Period begins; or
- 2. the date an approved leave of absence begins, if the Elimination Period begins while the Insured Employee is continuing coverage during a leave of absence.

In no event will it exceed 40 hours per week.

GAINFUL OCCUPATION means any occupation in which the Insured Employee:

- 1. is or could reasonably become qualified, considering his or her education, training, experience, mental and physical abilities;
- 2. could reasonably find employment, considering the demand in the national labor force; and
- could earn (or reasonably expect to earn) a before-tax income at least equal to 60% of his or her Predisability Income, within 12 months of returning to work.

INJURY means an accidental bodily Injury that:

- 1. requires treatment by a Physician; and
- 2. directly, and independently of all other causes, results in a Disability that begins while the Insured Employee is insured under the Policy.

INSURANCE MONTH or **POLICY MONTH** means that period of time:

- 1. beginning at 12:01 a.m. Standard Time, at the Policyholder's place of business on the first day of any calendar month; and
- 2. ending at 12:00 midnight on the last day of the same calendar month.

INSURED EMPLOYEE means an Employee for whom Policy coverage is in effect.

MAIN DUTIES or MATERIAL AND SUBSTANTIAL DUTIES means those job tasks that:

- 1. are normally required to perform the Insured Employee's Own Occupation; and
- 2. could not reasonably be modified or omitted.

To determine whether a job task could reasonably be modified or omitted, the Company will apply the Americans with Disabilities Act's standards concerning reasonable accommodation. It will apply the Act's standards, whether or not:

- 1. the Employer is subject to the Act; or
- 2. the Insured Employee has requested such a job accommodation.

An Employer's failure to modify or omit other job tasks does not render the Insured Employee unable to perform the Main Duties of the job.

Main Duties include those job tasks:

- 1. as described in the U.S. Department of Labor Dictionary of Occupational Titles; and
- 2. as performed in the general labor market and national economy.

Main Duties are **not** limited to those specific job tasks as performed for a certain firm or at a certain work site.

MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE TREATMENT means diagnostic services, consultation, care or services that are consistent with the symptoms or diagnosis causing the Insured Employee's Disability. Such treatment must be rendered:

- 1. by a Physician whose license and any specialty are consistent with the disabling condition; and
- 2. according to generally accepted, professionally recognized standards of medical practice.

MILITARY LEAVE means a leave of absence that:

- 1. is subject to the federal USERRA law (the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 and any amendments to it);
- 2. is taken in accord with the Employer's leave policy and the federal USERRA law; and
- 3. does not exceed the period required by that law.

MONTHLY BENEFIT means the amount payable monthly by the Company to the Insured Employee who is Totally Disabled or Partially Disabled.

OWN OCCUPATION or REGULAR OCCUPATION means the occupation, trade or profession:

- 1. in which the Insured Employee was employed with the Employer prior to Disability; and
- 2. which was his or her main source of earned income prior to Disability.

It means a collective description of related jobs, as defined by the U.S. Department of Labor Dictionary of Occupational Titles. It includes any work in the same occupation for pay or profit, regardless of:

- 1. whether such work is with the Employer, with some other firm, or on a self-employed basis; or
- 2. whether a suitable opening is currently available with the Employer or in the local labor market.

OWN OCCUPATION PERIOD means a period as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

PARTIAL DISABILITY or PARTIALLY DISABLED will be defined as follows.

- 1. During the Elimination Period and Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee:
 - a. is unable to perform one or more of the Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation; or is unable to perform such duties Full-Time; and
 - b. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment.
- 2. After the Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee:
 - a. is unable to perform one or more of the Main Duties of any Gainful Occupation; or is unable to perform such duties Full-Time; and
 - b. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment.

PARTIAL DISABILITY EMPLOYMENT means the Insured Employee is working at his or her Own Occupation or any other occupation; however, because of a Partial Disability:

- the Insured Employee's hours or production is reduced;
- 2. one or more Main Duties of the job are reassigned; or
- 3. the Insured Employee is working in a lower-paid occupation.

During Partial Disability Employment, his or her current earnings:

- 1. must be at least 20% of Predisability Income; and
- 2. may not exceed the percentage specified in the Partial Disability Benefit section.

PHYSICIAN means:

- 1. a legally qualified medical doctor who is licensed to practice medicine, to prescribe and administer drugs, or to perform surgery; or
- 2. any other duly licensed medical practitioner who is deemed by state law to be the same as a legally qualified medical doctor.

The medical doctor or other medical practitioner must be acting within the scope of his or her license. He or she must be qualified to provide Medically Appropriate Treatment for the Insured Employee's disabling condition.

Physician does **not** include the Insured Employee or a relative of the Insured Employee receiving treatment. Relatives include:

- 1. the Insured Employee's spouse, siblings, parents, children and grandparents; and
- 2. his or her spouse's relatives of like degree.

POLICY means the group insurance Policy issued by the Company to the Policyholder.

POLICYHOLDER means the person, company, trust or other organization as shown on the Face Page of the Policy.

PREDISABILITY INCOME—See Basic Monthly Earnings definition.

REGULAR CARE OF A PHYSICIAN or **REGULAR ATTENDANCE OF A PHYSICIAN** means the Insured Employee:

- 1. personally visits a Physician, as often as medically required according to standard medical practice to effectively manage and treat his or her disabling condition; and
- 2. receives Medically Appropriate Treatment, by a Physician whose license and any specialty are consistent with the disabling condition.

REGULAR OCCUPATION—See Own Occupation or Regular Occupation definition.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT, when used with the term Retirement Plan, means a benefit that:

- 1. is payable under a Retirement Plan either in a lump sum or in the form of periodic payments;
- 2. does not represent contributions made by an Insured Employee (Payments representing Employee contributions are deemed to be received over the Insured Employee's expected remaining life, regardless of when they are actually received.); and
- 3. is payable upon:
 - a. early or normal retirement; or
 - b. disability (if the payment does reduce the benefit which would have been paid at the normal retirement age under the plan, if disability had not occurred).

RETIREMENT PLAN means a defined benefit or defined contribution plan that:

- 1. provides Retirement Benefits to Employees; and
- 2. is not funded wholly by Employee contributions.

The term shall **not** include any 401(k), profit-sharing or thrift plan; informal salary continuance plan; individual retirement account (IRA); tax sheltered annuity (TSA); stock ownership plan; or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation.

An Employer's Retirement Plan is deemed to include any Retirement Plan:

- 1. which is part of any federal, state, county, municipal or association retirement system; and
- 2. for which the Insured Employee is eligible as a result of employment with the Employer.

SICK LEAVE or SALARY CONTINUANCE PLAN means a plan that:

- 1. is established and maintained by the Employer for the benefit of Employees; and
- 2. continues payment of all or part of an Insured Employee's Predisability Income for a specified period after he or she becomes Disabled.

It does **not** include compensation the Employer pays an Insured Employee for work actually performed during a Disability.

SICKNESS means illness, pregnancy or disease.

TOTAL DISABILITY or TOTALLY DISABLED will be defined as follows.

- 1. During the Elimination Period and Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee is unable to perform each of the Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation.
- 2. After the Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee is unable to perform each of the Main Duties of any Gainful Occupation.

The loss of a professional license, an occupational license or certification, or a driver's license for any reason does **not**, by itself, constitute Total Disability.

WAITING PERIOD means the period of time an Employee must be employed in an eligible class with the Employer, before he or she becomes eligible to enroll for coverage under the Policy. The period of service must be continuous, except as explained in the Eligibility provision captioned Prior Service Credit Towards Waiting Period.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

ENTIRE CONTRACT. The entire contract between the parties shall consist of:

- 1. the Policy and any amendments to it;
- 2. the Policyholder's application (a copy of which is attached to the Policy);
- 3. any Participating Employers' applications or Participation Agreements; and
- 4. any individual applications of the Insured Employees.

In the absence of fraud, all statements made by the Policyholder and by Insured Employees are representations and not warranties. No statement made by an Insured Employee will be used to contest the coverage provided by the Policy, unless:

- 1. it is contained in a written statement signed by that Insured Employee; and
- 2. a copy of the statement has been furnished to that Insured Employee.

INCONTESTABILITY. Except for the non-payment of premiums or fraud, the Company may not contest the validity of the Policy after it has been in force for two years from its date of issue; and as to any Insured Employee, after his or her coverage has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime. This clause does not preclude, at any time, the assertion of defenses based upon:

- 1. the Policy's eligibility requirements, exclusions and limitations; and
- 2. other Policy provisions unrelated to the validity of coverage.

RESCISSION. The Company has the right to rescind any insurance for which Evidence of Insurability was required, if:

- 1. an Insured Employee incurs a claim during the first two years of coverage; and
- the Company discovers that the Insured Employee made a Material Misrepresentation on his or her application.

A "Material Misrepresentation" is an incomplete or untrue statement that caused the Company to issue coverage that it would have disapproved, had it known the truth. "To rescind" means to cancel insurance back to its effective date. In that event, the Company will refund all premium paid for the rescinded insurance, less any benefits paid for the Insured Employee's claims. The Company reserves the right to recover any claims paid in excess of such premiums.

MISSTATEMENTS OF FACTS. If relevant facts about any person were misstated:

- 1. a fair adjustment of the premium will be made; and
- 2. the true facts will decide if and in what amount insurance is valid under the Policy.

If an Insured Employee's age has been misstated, any benefits shall be in the amount the paid premium would have purchased at the correct age.

POLICYHOLDER'S AGENCY. For all purposes of the Policy, the Policyholder acts on its own behalf or as the Employee's agent. Under no circumstances will the Policyholder be deemed the Company's agent.

CURRENCY. In administering the Policy:

- 1. all Predisability Income will be expressed in U.S. dollars; and
- 2. all premium and benefit amounts must be paid in U.S. dollars.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION OR STATE DISABILITY INSURANCE. The Policy does not replace or provide benefits required by:

- 1. Workers' Compensation laws; or
- 2. any state disability insurance plan laws.

ASSIGNMENT. The rights and benefits under this Certificate may not be assigned.

CLAIMS PROCEDURES

NOTICE OF CLAIM. Written notice of claim must be given during the Elimination Period. The notice must be sent to the Company's Home Office. It should include:

- 1. the Insured Employee's name and address; and
- 2. the number of the Policy.

If this is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible.

CLAIM FORMS. When notice of claim is received, the Company will send claim forms to the Insured Employee. If the Company does not send the forms within 15 days, the Insured Employee may send the Company written proof of Disability in a letter. It should state the date the Disability began, its cause and degree. The Company will periodically send the Insured Employee additional claim forms.

PROOF OF CLAIM. The Company must be given written proof of claim within 90 days after the end of the Elimination Period. When it is not reasonably possible to give written proof in the time required, the claim will not be reduced or denied solely for this reason, if the proof is filed:

- 1. as soon as reasonably possible; and
- 2. in no event later than one year after it was required.

These time limits will not apply while an Insured Employee lacks legal capacity.

Proof of claim must be provided at the Insured Employee's own expense. It must show the date the Disability began, its cause and degree. Documentation must include:

- 1. completed statements by the Insured Employee and the Employer;
- 2. a completed statement by the attending Physician, which must describe any restrictions on the Insured Employee's performance of the duties of his or her Regular Occupation;
- proof of any other income received;
- 4. proof of any benefits available from other income sources, which may affect Policy benefits;
- 5. a signed authorization for the Company to obtain more information; and
- 6. any other items the Company may reasonably require in support of the claim.

Proof of continued Disability, Regular Care of a Physician, and any Other Income Benefits affecting the claim must be given to the Company. This must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. If it is not, benefits may be denied or suspended.

EXAMINATION. The Company may have the Insured Employee examined:

- 1. by a Physician, specialist or vocational rehabilitation expert of the Company's choice;
- 2. as often as reasonably required while a claim or appeal is pending.

Any such exam will be at the Company's expense.

The Company may determine that (in its opinion) the Insured Employee has:

- 1. failed to cooperate with an examiner;
- failed to take an exam scheduled by the Company; or
- postponed such an exam more than twice.

In that event, benefits may be denied or suspended, until the required exam is completed.

TIME OF PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Benefits payable under the Policy will be paid:

- 1. immediately after the Company receives complete proof of claim and confirms liability; and
- 2. in any event, within 60 days after the Company receives acceptable proof of claim.

After that:

- 1. Any benefits will be paid monthly, during any period for which the Company is liable. If benefits are due for less than a month, they will be paid on a pro rata basis. The daily rate will equal 1/30 of the Monthly Benefit.
- 2. Any balance, which remains unpaid at the end of the period of liability, will be paid immediately after the Company receives complete proof of claim and confirms liability; and in any event, within 60 days after the Company receives acceptable proof of claim.

TO WHOM PAYABLE. All benefits are payable to the Insured Employee, while living. After his or her death, benefits will be payable as follows.

- 1. Any Survivor Benefit will be payable in accord with that section.
- 2. Any other benefits will be payable to the Insured Employee's estate.

If a benefit becomes payable to:

- 1. the Insured Employee's estate; or
- 2. a minor or any other person who is not legally competent to give a valid receipt;

then up to \$2,000 may be paid to any relative of the Insured Employee that the Company finds entitled to payment. If payment is made in good faith to such a relative, the Company will not have to pay that benefit again.

NOTICE OF CLAIM DECISION. The Company will send the Insured Employee a written notice of its claim decision. If the Company denies any part of the claim, the written notice will explain:

- 1. the reason for the denial, under the terms of the Policy and any internal guidelines;
- 2. how the Insured Employee may request a review of the Company's decision; and
- 3. whether more information is needed to support the claim.

This notice will be sent within 15 days after the Company resolves the claim. It will be sent within 45 days after the Company receives the first proof of claim, if reasonably possible.

Delay Notice. The Company may need more than 15 days to process the claim, due to matters beyond its control. If so, an extension will be permitted. In that event, the Company will send the Insured Employee a written delay notice:

- 1. by the 15th day after receiving the first proof of claim; and
- 2. every 30 days after that, until the claim is resolved.

The notice will explain:

- 1. what additional information is needed to determine liability; and
- 2. when a decision can be expected.

If the Insured Employee does not receive a written decision by the 105th day after the Company receives the first proof of claim, there is a right to an immediate review, as if the claim was denied.

Exception: The Company may need more information from the Insured Employee to process a claim. If so, it must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. The resulting delay will not count towards the above time limits for claim processing.

REVIEW PROCEDURE. Within 180 days after receiving a denial notice, the Insured Employee may request a claim review by sending the Company:

- 1. a written request; and
- 2. any written comments or other items to support the claim.

The Insured Employee may review certain non-privileged information relating to the request for review.

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The Company will review the claim and send the Insured Employee a written notice of its decision. The notice will state the reasons for the Company's decision, under the terms of the Policy and any internal guidelines. If the Company upholds the denial of all or part of the claim, the notice will also describe:

- 1. any further appeal procedures available under the Policy;
- 2. the right to access relevant claim information; and
- 3. the right to request a state insurance department review, or to bring legal action.

This notice will be sent within 45 days after the Company receives the request for review, or within 90 days if a special case requires more time.

Delay Notice. If the Company needs more than 45 days to process an appeal, in a special case:

- 1. an extension of up to 45 more days will be permitted; and
- the Company will send the Insured Employee a written delay notice, by the 30th day after receiving the request for review.

The notice will explain:

- 1. the special circumstances which require the delay;
- 2. whether more information is needed to review the claim; and
- 3. when a decision can be expected.

Exception: The Company may need more information from the Insured Employee to process an appeal. If so, it must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. The resulting delay will not count towards the above time limits for appeal processing.

Claims Subject to ERISA (Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974). Before bringing a civil legal action under the federal labor law known as ERISA, an employee benefit plan participant or beneficiary must exhaust available administrative remedies. Under the Policy, the plan participant or beneficiary must first seek two administrative reviews of the adverse claim decision, in accord with this section. After the required reviews:

- 1. an ERISA plan participant or beneficiary may bring legal action under Section 502(a) of ERISA; and
- the Company will waive any right to assert that he or she failed to exhaust administrative remedies.

SUBROGATION. The Company shall have the right to recover any Policy benefits paid for a Disability: 1. which is caused by a third party's wrongful act or negligence; and

1. Which is caused by a time party's wrongin act of negligence, and

2. for which the Insured Employee recovers from the third party or the third party's insurer. The third party may be another person or an organization.

If a Disability appears to be someone else's fault or liability, Policy benefits will be paid for that Disability only if the Insured Employee agrees:

- to repay the Company for such benefits, to the extent that they are for the loss for which the Insured Employee recovers damages from the third party;
- 2. to allow the Company a lien on such damages and to hold them in trust for the Company; and
- 3. to execute any legal instruments the Company needs to secure the above rights.

If the Company pays such Policy benefits, the Company will be subrogated to the Insured Employee's rights of recovery against the third party who is at fault or liable. The Insured Employee is required:

- 1. to actively pursue recovery; and
- 2. to cooperate in the Company's pursuit of recovery.

If he or she does not, Policy benefits may be denied or suspended.

The Company has the right of first reimbursement out of any recovery (judgment, settlement or other recovery) an Insured Employee is able to obtain even if the Insured Employee is not made whole.

These rights extend only to recovery of Policy benefits paid for the same or related Disability. The amount of the repayment may be reduced by reasonable expenses the Insured Employee incurs in recovering from the person at fault.

If recovery is made before Policy benefits are paid, the Company's liability under the Policy for that Disability shall be reduced accordingly. If recovery is made after Policy coverage ends, the Insured Employee must still repay the Company as described above.

THIRD PARTY REIMBURSEMENT. The Insured Employee may be entitled to payment or reimbursement from some other person or organization, through a legal action or claim. It must be caused by the same or related Disability for which Policy benefits are payable. In that event, the Company shall have the right to a lien on any recovery from that person or organization. The lien shall apply whether such recovery is by judgment, settlement or otherwise. The amount of the lien will not exceed:

- 1. the amount actually recovered for such Disability, less reasonable legal fees and expenses the Insured Employee paid to pursue the recovery; or
- 2. the total amount of Policy benefits paid for the Disability (whichever is less).

If an Insured Employee is entitled to such payment or reimbursement, he or she is required to actively pursue it. If he or she does not, Policy benefits may be denied or suspended. The Insured Employee must take no action to prejudice the Company's right of reimbursement or lien. He or she must:

- 1. execute any legal instruments; and
- 2. furnish any information the Company may reasonably require.

The Company has the right of first reimbursement out of any recovery (judgment, settlement or other recovery) an Insured Employee is able to obtain even if the Insured Employee is not made whole.

RIGHT OF RECOVERY. If benefits have been overpaid on any short-term disability or long-term disability claim, full reimbursement to the Company is required within 60 days. If reimbursement is not made, the Company has the right to:

- 1. reduce future benefits and suspend payment of the Minimum Monthly Benefit under the Policy, until full reimbursement is made;
- 2. reduce benefits payable to the Insured Employee or his or her beneficiary under any group insurance policy issued by the Company, until full reimbursement is made; or
- 3. recover such overpayments from the Insured Employee or his or her estate.

Such reimbursement is required whether the overpayment is due to:

- 1. the Company's error in processing a claim;
- 2. the Insured Employee's receipt of Other Income Benefits;
- 3. fraud, misrepresentation or omission of relevant facts; or
- 4. any other reason.

LEGAL ACTIONS. No legal action to recover any benefits may be brought until 60 days after the required written proof of claim has been given. No such legal action may be brought more than three years after the date written proof of claim is required.

COMPANY'S DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY. Except for the functions that the Policy clearly reserves to the Policyholder or Employer, the Company has the authority to manage the Policy, interpret its provisions, administer claims and resolve questions arising under it. The Company's authority includes (but is not limited to) the right to:

1. establish administrative procedures, determine eligibility and resolve claims questions;

2. determine what information the Company reasonably requires to make such decisions; and

3. resolve all matters when an internal claim review is requested.

Any decision the Company makes in the exercise of its authority shall be conclusive and binding; subject to the Insured Employee's rights to request a state insurance department review or to bring legal action. This provision does not apply to residents of California.

ELIGIBILITY

ELIGIBLE CLASSES. The classes of Employees eligible for insurance are shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The Company has the right to review and terminate any or all classes eligible under the Policy, if any class ceases to be covered by the Policy.

ELIGIBILITY DATE. An Employee becomes eligible for coverage provided by the Policy on the later of:

- 1. the Policy's date of issue; or
- 2. the date the Waiting Period is completed.

Prior Service Credit Towards Waiting Period. The Waiting Period is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Prior service in an Eligible Class will apply toward the Waiting Period, when:

- 1. a former Employee is rehired within one year after his or her employment ends; or
- 2. an Employee returns from an approved Family or Medical Leave within:
 - a. the 12-week leave period required by federal law; or
 - b. any longer period required by a similar state law; or
- 3. an Employee returns from a Military Leave within the period required by federal USERRA law.

EFFECTIVE DATES

EFFECTIVE DATE. An Employee's initial amount of coverage becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on the latest of:

- 1. the next day following the date the Employee becomes eligible for coverage;
- 2. the date the Employee resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day he or she becomes eligible;
- 3. the date the Employee makes written application for coverage and signs;
 - a. a payroll deduction order, if the Employees pay any part of the Policy premium; or
 - b. an order to pay premiums from the Employee's Flexible Benefits Plan account, if premiums are paid through such an account; or
- 4. the date the Company approves the Employee's Evidence of Insurability, if required.

Any increased or additional coverage becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on the latest of:

- 1. the first day of the Insurance Month coinciding with or next following the date on which the Insured Employee becomes eligible for the increase, if Actively at Work on that day;
- 2. the date the Insured Employee resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day the increase would otherwise take effect; or
- 3. the date any required Evidence of Insurability is approved by the Company.

Any decrease will take effect on the day of the change, whether or not the Insured Employee is Actively at Work.

EVIDENCE OF INSURABILITY. Evidence of Insurability satisfactory to the Company must be submitted (at the Employee's expense) when:

- 1. an Employee makes written application for coverage (or an increased amount of coverage) more than 31 days after becoming eligible for the coverage;
- 2. an Employee makes written application to enroll for coverage after he or she has requested:
 - a. to cancel insurance;
 - b. to stop payroll deductions for the insurance; or
 - c. to stop premium payments from the Flexible Benefits Plan account;
- 3. coverage is elected after the Employee has caused insurance to lapse, by failing to pay the required premium when due; or
- 4. optional, supplemental or voluntary coverage is elected in excess of any Guaranteed Issue Amounts shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

EFFECTIVE DATES (continued)

EFFECTIVE DATE FOR CHANGE IN ELIGIBLE CLASS. An Insured Employee may become a member of a different Eligible Class. Coverage under the different Eligible Class will be effective:

- 1. on the first day of the Insurance Month coinciding with or next following the date of the change;
- 2. except as stated in the Effective Date provision for increases or decreases.

REINSTATEMENT RIGHTS. If an Insured Employee's coverage terminates due to one of the following breaks in service, he or she will be entitled to reinstate the coverage upon resuming Active Work with the Employer within the required timeframe. "**Reinstatement**" or "to reinstate" means to re-enroll for Policy coverage, without satisfying a new Waiting Period or providing Evidence of Insurability. Reinstatement is available upon:

- 1. return from an approved Family or Medical Leave within:
 - a. the 12-week period required by federal law; or
 - b. any longer period required by a similar state law;
- 2. return from a Military Leave within the period required by federal USERRA law;
- 3. return from any other approved leave of absence within six months after the leave begins;
- 4. return within 12 months following a lay off; or
- 5. return within 12 months following termination of employment for any other reason.

To reinstate coverage, the Employee must apply for coverage or be re-enrolled within 31 days after resuming Active Work in an Eligible Class. The reinstated amount of insurance may not exceed the amount that terminated. Reinstatement will take effect on the date the Insured Employee returns to Active Work.

If the above conditions are met, then:

 the months of leave will count towards any unmet Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion period; and

2. a new Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will not apply to the reinstated amount of insurance. A new Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will apply to any increased amount of insurance.

INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION

INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION OF COVERAGE. An Insured Employee's coverage will terminate at 12:00 midnight on the earliest of:

- the date the Policy or the Employer's participation terminates; but without prejudice to any claim incurred prior to termination;
- 2. the date the Insured Employee's Class is no longer eligible for insurance;
- the date such Insured Employee ceases to be a member of an Eligible Class;
- 4. the last day of the Insurance Month in which the Insured Employee requests termination;
- the last day of the Insurance Month for which premium payment is made on the Insured Employee's behalf;
- 6. the end of the period for which the last required premium has been paid;
- with respect to a particular insurance benefit, the date the portion of this Policy providing that benefit terminates;
- 8. the date which the Insured Employee's employment with the Employer terminates; unless coverage is continued as provided below; or
- 9. the date the Insured Employee enters the armed services of any state or country on active duty, except for duty of 30 days or less for training in the Reserves or National Guard. (If the Insured Employee sends proof of military service, the Company will refund any unearned premium.)

CONTINUATION RIGHTS. Ceasing Active Work results in termination of the Insured Employee's eligibility for insurance, but coverage may be continued as follows.

- 1. **Disability**. If an Insured Employee is absent due to Total Disability, or is engaged in Partial Disability Employment, coverage may be continued during:
 - a. the Elimination Period; provided the Company receives the required premium
 - from the Employer; and
 - b. the period for which benefits are payable, without payment of premium.

Premium payments will be waived from the satisfaction of the Elimination Period until the end of the period for which benefits are payable. If coverage is to be continued following a period for which premiums were waived, premium payments must be resumed, as they become due.

- 2. **Family or Medical Leave**. If an Insured Employee goes on an approved Family or Medical Leave, and is **not** entitled to the more favorable continuation available during Disability, coverage may be continued, until the earliest of:
 - a. the end of the leave period approved by the Employer;
 - b. the end of the 12-week leave period required by federal law, or any more favorable period required by a similar state law;
 - c. the date the Insured Employee notifies the Employer that he or she will not return; or
 - d. the date the Insured Employee begins employment with another employer.

The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.

- 3. **Military Leave**. If an Insured Employee goes on a Military Leave, coverage may be continued for the same period allowed for an approved Family or Medical Leave. The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.
- 4. Lay-off or Other Leave. When an Insured Employee ceases work due to a temporary layoff, or due to an approved leave of absence (other than an approved Family or Medical Leave or a Military Leave); coverage may be continued for three Insurance Months after the lay-off or leave begins. The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.

INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION (Continued)

Conditions. In administering the above continuation, the Employer must not act so as to discriminate unfairly among Employees in similar situations. Insurance may **not** be continued when an Insured Employee ceases Active Work due to a labor dispute, strike, work slowdown or lockout.

INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION DURING DISABILITY. Termination of an Insured Employee's coverage during a Disability will have no effect on benefits payable for that period of Disability.

TOTAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT

BENEFIT. The Company will pay a Total Disability Monthly Benefit to an Insured Employee, after the completion of the Elimination Period, if he or she:

- 1. is Totally Disabled;
- 2. becomes Disabled while insured for this benefit;
- 3. is under the Regular Care of a Physician; and
- 4. at his or her own expense, submits proof of continued Total Disability and Physician's care to the Company upon request.

The Total Disability Monthly Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee ceases to be Totally Disabled or dies;
- 2. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends; or
- 3. the date the Insured Employee is able, but chooses not to engage in Partial Disability Employment:
 - a. in his or her Own Occupation, during the Own Occupation Period; or
 - b. in any Gainful Occupation, after the Own Occupation Period.

Proportional benefits will be paid for a partial month of Total Disability.

At the Company's option, Total Disability Monthly Benefit payments may also be denied or suspended on any of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause):
 - a. fails to take a required medical exam;
 - b. fails to cooperate with the examiner; or
 - c. postpones a required exam more than twice;
- 2. the 45th day after the Company mails a request for additional proof, if not given;
- 3. the 45th day after the Company mails a request for proof of the Insured Employee's application for any Other Income Benefits to which he or she may be entitled, if not given; or
- 4. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause) refuses to participate in good faith in a vocational rehabilitation program approved by the Company; if the Policy includes a Mandatory Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit provision.

AMOUNT. The amount of the Total Disability Monthly Benefit equals:

- 1. the Insured Employee's Basic Monthly Earnings multiplied by the Benefit Percentage (limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit); minus
- 2. Other Income Benefits.

The amount of the Total Disability Monthly Benefit will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit, unless the Minimum Monthly Benefit plus Other Income Benefits would exceed 100% of the Insured Employee's Basic Monthly Earnings.

The Benefit Percentage, Maximum Monthly Benefit, Minimum Monthly Benefit, and Maximum Benefit Period are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

PARTIAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT

BENEFIT. The Company will pay a Partial Disability Monthly Benefit to an Insured Employee, after completion of the Elimination Period, if he or she:

- 1. is Disabled;
- 2. becomes Disabled while insured for this benefit;
- 3. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment;
- 4. is earning at least 20% of Predisability Income when Partial Disability Employment begins;
- 5. is under the Regular Care of a Physician; and
- 6. at his or her own expense, submits proof of continued Partial Disability, Physician's care and reduced earnings to the Company upon request.

The Insured Employee does not have to be Totally Disabled prior to receiving Partial Disability Monthly Benefits. The Elimination Period may be satisfied by days of Total Disability, Partial Disability or any combination of these.

The Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee ceases to be Partially Disabled or dies;
- 2. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends;
- 3. the date the Insured Employee earns more than:
 - a. 99% of Predisability Income, until Partial Disability Monthly Benefits have been paid for 24 months for the same period of Disability; or
 - b. 60% of Predisability Income, after Partial Disability Monthly Benefits have been paid for 24 months for the same period of Disability;
- 4. the date the Insured Employee is able, but chooses not to work full-time:
 - a. in his or her Own Occupation, during the Own Occupation Period; or
 - b. in any Gainful Occupation, after the Own Occupation Period.

Proportional benefits will be paid for a partial month of Partial Disability.

At the Company's option, Partial Disability Monthly Benefit payments may also be denied or suspended on any of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause):
 - a. fails to take a required medical exam;
 - b. fails to cooperate with the examiner; or
 - c. postpones a required exam more than twice;
- 2. the 45th day after the Company mails a request for additional proof, if not given;
- 3. the 45th day after the Company mails a request for proof of the Insured Employee's application for any Other Income Benefits to which he or she may be entitled, if not given; or
- 4. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause) refuses to participate in good faith in a vocational rehabilitation program approved by the Company; if the Policy includes a Mandatory Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit provision.

PARTIAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT (continued)

BENEFIT AMOUNT. The Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will replace the Insured Employee's Lost Earning Capacity; provided it does not exceed the Total Disability Monthly Benefit, which would otherwise be payable during Total Disability without the Partial Disability Employment.

The amount of the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will equal the lesser of A or B below.

- A. LOST EARNING CAPACITY: The Insured Employee's Predisability Income, minus all Other Income Benefits (including earnings and potential earnings from Partial Disability Employment).
- B. TOTAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT otherwise payable:
 - 1. The Insured Employee's Predisability Income multiplied by the Benefit Percentage (limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit); minus
 - 2. Other Income Benefits, except for earnings and potential earnings from Partial Disability Employment.

The Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will never be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit. The Benefit Percentage, Maximum Monthly Benefit, Minimum Monthly Benefit, and Maximum Benefit Period are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

FULL EARNING CAPACITY. Potential earnings from Partial Disability Employment will be estimated by the Company, when the Insured Employee would reasonably be able to increase his or her earnings:

- 1. during the Own Occupation Period, by increasing the number of hours worked or duties performed in his or her regular occupation, but chooses not to do so; or
- 2. after the Own Occupation Period, by increasing the number of hours worked or duties performed in any Gainful Occupation, but chooses not to do so.

Such potential earnings will reduce the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit amount payable, while the Insured Employee is not working to his or her full earning capacity. Gainful Occupation will be defined as shown in the Total Disability Monthly Benefit section.

OTHER INCOME BENEFITS

OTHER INCOME BENEFITS means benefits, awards, settlements or Earnings from the following sources. These amounts will be offset, in determining the amount of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit. Except for Retirement Benefits and Earnings, these amounts must result from the same Disability for which a Monthly Benefit is payable under the Policy.

Workers' Compensation. Any benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under a law that compensates for job related Injury or Sickness. This includes:

1. any Workers' Compensation or occupational disease law;

- 2. the Jones Act;
- 3. the Longshoreman's and Harbor Worker's Act;
- 4. the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure; or
- 5. any plan provided in place of one of the above plans.

It includes any benefits for partial or total disability, whether temporary or permanent. It also includes any benefits for vocational rehabilitation.

Other Compulsory Benefits. Any disability income benefits the Insured Employee is eligible to receive under any other compulsory benefit act or law. This includes (but is not limited to):

- 1. state temporary disability income benefit laws;
- 2. state no fault auto insurance laws; or
- 3. any other compulsory benefit act or law.

Other Insurance Plans. Any disability income benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under:

- 1. any other group insurance plan (except credit or mortgage insurance);
- 2. any no fault auto plan; or
- 3. any auto liability insurance policy.

Employee Benefit Plans. Any disability income benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under the Employer's Sick Leave or Salary Continuance Plan. This does **not** include vacation pay, severance pay or pay for work actually performed during a Disability.

Employer's Retirement Plan. Any Disability Benefits or Retirement Benefits the Insured Employee receives under the Employer's Retirement Plan.

Social Security and other Government Retirement Plans. The following Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits will be offset:

- 1. disability benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible; and for which any spouse or child is eligible, because of the Insured Employee's Disability;
- 2. **unreduced retirement** benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible; and for which any spouse or child is eligible, because of the Insured Employee's eligibility for unreduced retirement benefits; or
- 3. reduced retirement benefits actually received by the Insured Employee; and by any spouse or child, because of the Insured Employee's receipt of reduced retirement benefits.

As used above, "Government Retirement Plans" include disability and retirement benefits under:

- 1. the federal Social Security Act, Jones Act or Railroad Retirement Act;
- 2. the Canada Pension Plan or Quebec Pension Plan;
- 3. any similar plan or act of any country, state, province or other political unit; or
- 4. any plan provided in place of one of the above plans.

OTHER INCOME BENEFITS (continued)

"Earnings", as used in this provision, means pay the Insured Employee earns or receives from any occupation or form of employment, as reported for federal income tax purposes. Earnings include (but are not limited to) a:

- 1. salaried or hourly Employee's gross earnings (shown on Form W-2); including:
 - a. wages, tips, commissions, bonuses and overtime pay; and
 - b. any pre-tax contributions to a Section 125 Plan, flexible spending account, or qualified deferred compensation plan;
- 2. proprietor's net profit (figured from Form 1040, Schedule C);
- 3. professional corporation shareholder's net profit (figured from Form 1040, Schedule C);
- 4. partner's net earnings from self-employment (shown on Schedule K-1) and any W-2 earnings; and
- 5. Subchapter S Corporation shareholder's net earnings from trade or business activities (shown on Schedule K-1).

Recovery from Third Party. Any amount the Insured Employee recovers from a third party as a result of the Disability (whether by judgment, settlement or otherwise). The offset:

- 1. will be reduced by attorney fees and other reasonable costs of recovery; and
- 2. will not exceed 100% of the net settlement.

Exceptions. The following will not be considered Other Income Benefits, and will not be offset in determining the Monthly Benefit:

- 1. a cost-of-living increase in any Other Income Benefit (except Earnings); if it takes effect after the first offset for that benefit during a period of Disability;
- 2. reimbursement for hospital, medical or surgical expense;
- 3. reimbursement for attorney fees and other reasonable costs of claiming Other Income Benefits;
- group credit or mortgage disability insurance benefits;
- 5. early retirement benefits that are not elected or received under the federal Social Security Act or other Government Retirement Plan;
- 6. 'any amounts under the Employer's Retirement Plan that:
 - a. represent the Insured Employee's contributions; or
 - b. are received upon termination of employment without being disabled or retired;
- benefits from a 401(k), profit-sharing or thrift plan; an individual retirement account (IRA); a tax sheltered annuity (TSA); a stock ownership plan; or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation;
- 8. vacation pay, holiday pay, or severance pay; or
- 9. disability income benefits under any individual policy, association group plan or franchise plan.

OTHER INCOME BENEFITS (continued)

RULES FOR OTHER INCOME BENEFIT OFFSETS. If the Insured Employee may be entitled to Other Income Benefits that affect Policy benefits, the following rules will apply.

Claiming Other Income Benefits. An Insured Employee who may be entitled to some Other Income Benefit is required to actively pursue it. For example, if benefits may be payable under the federal Social Security Act, the Insured Employee:

- 1. must apply for such benefits on a timely basis;
- 2. must file a request for reconsideration, if benefits are denied; and
- 3. must request a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge, if denied again (unless the Company waives this in writing).

An Employer whose Insured Employee may be entitled to Workers' Compensation or similar benefits is also required to cooperate in filing that claim. If the Insured Employee fails to pursue Other Income Benefits on a timely basis, the Company has the option to:

- 1. deny or suspend Monthly Benefits; or
- 2. reduce Monthly Benefits by an estimated amount.

Estimating Offsets. While a claim for Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits is pending, the Insured Employee must elect one of the following options in writing. (If no written election is made, Monthly Benefits will be reduced in accord with Option 1.)

- 1. **Reduced Monthly Benefits**. The Insured Employee may receive Monthly Benefits reduced by estimated Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits. The Company will adjust Policy benefits and will refund any underpayment, in a lump sum, upon receiving proof of:
 - a. the amount actually awarded; or
 - b. the claim denial and completion of any appeal the Company requires.
- 2. Unreduced Monthly Benefits. The Insured Employee may receive unreduced Monthly Benefits while the claim is pending. He or she must agree in writing to promptly refund any overpayment that results, in a lump sum, upon receiving Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits. If he or she does not promptly refund an overpayment:
 - a. the Company will reduce or eliminate future payments; and
 - b. the Minimum Monthly Benefit will not apply, until the amount is repaid.

Lump Sum Payments. Other Income Benefits that are paid in a lump sum will be pro rated as follows.

- 1. The lump sum will be pro rated on a monthly basis, over the time period for which it is given.
- If no time period is stated, the Company will continue its estimated monthly offset for that benefit, until full amount is offset.
- 3. If no estimated monthly offset was being made for that benefit, the lump sum will be pro rated on a monthly basis over a reasonable time period. It will not exceed 60 months or the Maximum Benefit Period (whichever occurs first).

Cost-of-Living Freeze. After the first deduction for each of the Other Income Benefits (except Earnings), its amount will be frozen. The Monthly Benefit will not be further reduced due to any cost-of-living increases payable under these Other Income Benefits.

RECURRENT DISABILITY

"Recurrent Disability" means a Disability caused by an Injury or Sickness that is the same as, or related to, the cause of a prior Disability for which Monthly Benefits were payable. A Recurrent Disability will be treated as follows.

- 1. New Disability. A Recurrent Disability will be treated as a new Disability, if the Recurrent Disability begins after the Insured Employee returns to his or her Own Occupation with the Employer:
 - a. on a full-time basis working at least the Minimum Number of Hours Per Week as shown in the Schedule of Benefits; and
 - b. for six consecutive months or more following the date the prior Disability Benefits ended.

A new Elimination Period must be completed before further Monthly Benefits become payable. A new Maximum Benefit Period will apply.

- 2. **Prior Disability.** A Recurrent Disability will be treated as part of the prior Disability, if the Recurrent Disability begins after the Insured Employee returns to his or her Own Occupation with the Employer:
 - a. on a full-time basis working at least the Minimum Number of Hours Per Week as shown in the Schedule of Benefits; but
 - b. for less than six consecutive months following the date the prior Disability Benefits ended.

The completion of a new Elimination Period is not required before further Monthly Benefits become payable. The same Maximum Benefit Period will apply to the Recurrent Disability as to the prior Disability. The Predisability Income used in determining the prior Disability Benefit will apply as well.

In addition, a Recurrent Disability will be treated as a prior Disability if all of the subsequent events occur in less than six consecutive months following the date the prior Disability Benefits end under the Policy:

- a. a job opening is not available for the Insured Employee to return to work with the Employer;
- b. the Insured Employee's coverage under the Policy terminates;
- c. the former Employee returns to his or her Own Occupation with a new employer on a full-time basis working at least the Minimum Number of Hours Per Week as shown in the Schedule of Benefits;
- d. benefits are not payable under any other group long-term disability plan; and
- e. a Recurrent Disability begins.

Benefits for the former Employee will be reinstated for the Recurrent Disability and the completion of a new Elimination Period will not be required before further Monthly Benefits become payable. The same Maximum Benefit Period, Exclusions, and Limitations will apply to the Recurrent Disability as to the prior Disability. The Predisability Income used in determining the prior Disability benefit will apply as well. Benefits reinstated under this provision are subject to the Policy's terms and conditions that were in effect at the time the prior Disability began.

To qualify for a Monthly Benefit, the Insured Employee, or former Employee, must earn less than the percentage of Predisability Income specified in the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit section. Monthly Benefit payments will be subject to all other terms of the Policy that applied to the prior Disability.

This Recurrent Disability provision will cease to apply to an Insured Employee, or former Employee, who becomes eligible for coverage under any other group long-term disability plan.

EXCLUSIONS

GENERAL EXCLUSIONS. The Policy will not cover any period of Total or Partial Disability:

- 1. due to war, declared or undeclared, or any act of war;
- 2. due to intentionally self-inflicted injuries;
- 3. due to active participation in a riot;
- 4. due to the Insured Employee's committing of or the attempting to commit a felony or any type of assault or battery;
- 5. during which the Insured Employee is incarcerated for the commission of a felony;
- 6. during which the Insured Employee is not under the regular care of a Physician;
- 7. during which the Insured Employee is not participating in good faith in a vocational rehabilitation program approved by the Company, without good cause; if the Policy includes a Mandatory Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit provision; or
- 8. after the Insured Employee has resided outside the United States or Canada for more than 12 consecutive benefit months for purposes other than employment with the Employer.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION EXCLUSION. The Policy will not cover any Total or Partial Disability:

- 1. which is caused or contributed to by, or results from a Pre-Existing Condition; and
- 2. which begins in the first 12 months after the Insured Employee's Effective Date.

"Pre-Existing Condition" means a Sickness or Injury for which the Insured Employee received treatment within 3 months prior to the Insured Employee's Effective Date.

"Treatment" means consultation, care or services provided by a Physician. It includes diagnostic measures and the prescription, refill of prescription, or taking of any prescribed drugs or medicines.

SPECIFIED INJURIES OR SICKNESSES LIMITATION

LIMITATION. If an Insured Employee is Disabled primarily due to one or more of the Specified Injuries or Sicknesses defined below; then Partial or Total Disability Monthly Benefits:

- 1. will be payable subject to the terms of the Policy; but
- 2. will be limited to 24 months for any one period of Disability; unless the Insured Employee is confined to a Hospital.

"Specified Injuries or Sicknesses" include any Chronic Fatigue Sickness, Environmental Sickness, Mental Sickness, Musculoskeletal/Connective Tissue Injury or Sickness, or Substance Abuse, as defined below.

CONDITIONS

- 1. If the Insured Employee is confined in a Hospital at the end of the 24th month for which Policy benefits are paid for the Specified Injury or Sickness; then benefits will be payable until he or she is discharged from that facility.
- 2. In no event will the Monthly Benefit be paid beyond the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Insurance, however.

DEFINITIONS

"Chronic Fatigue Sickness" means a sickness that is characterized by a debilitating fatigue, in the absence of other known medical or psychological conditions. It includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. chronic fatigue syndrome or chronic fatigue immunodeficiency syndrome;
- 2. an Epstein-Barr or herpes 6 viral infection, or post viral syndrome; and
- 3. limbic encephalopathy or myalgic encephalomyelitis.

It does not include depression or any neoplastic, neurologic, endocrine, hematologic or rheumatologic disorder.

"Environmental Sickness" means an allergy or sensitivity to chemicals or the environment. It includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. environmental allergies;
- 2. sick building syndrome;
- 3 multiple chemical sensitivity syndrome; and
- chronic toxic encephalopathy.

It does not include asthma or allergy-induced reactive lung disease.

"Hospital," as used in this provision, means:

- 1. a general hospital which:
 - a. is licensed, approved or certified by the state where it is located;
 - b. is recognized by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Hospitals; or
 - c. is operated to treat resident inpatients; has a registered nurse always on duty;
 - and has a lab, x-ray facility and place where major surgery is performed; and
- 2. a skilled nursing care facility or unit, which provides convalescent or nursing care; and which is recognized as a skilled nursing care facility under Medicare.

The term Hospital also includes:

- 1. a Mental Hospital when treatment is for a Mental Sickness; and
- 2. a Treatment Center when treatment is for Substance Abuse.

"Mental Hospital" means a health care facility (or its psychiatric unit) which:

- 1. is licensed, certified or approved as a mental hospital by the state where it is located;
- 2. is equipped to treat resident inpatients' mental diseases or disorders; and
- 3. has a resident psychiatrist on duty or on call at all times.

"Mental Sickness" means any emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, adjustment, mood or stressrelated abnormality, disorder, disturbance, dysfunction or syndrome; regardless of its cause. It includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder;
- 2. bipolar affective disorder, manic depression, or other psychosis; and
- 3. obsessive-compulsive, depressive, panic or anxiety disorders.

These conditions are usually treated by a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health care provider. Treatment usually involves psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs or similar methods of treatment.

Mental Sickness does not include irreversible dementia resulting from:

- 1. stroke, trauma, viral infection, Alzheimer's disease; or
- 2. other conditions which are not usually treated by a mental health care provider using psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs, or similar methods of treatment.

"Musculoskeletal/Connective Tissue Injury or Sickness" includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. scoliosis that does not require surgery;
- any other disease or disorder of the cervical, thoracic or lumbosacral back and surrounding soft tissue; unless documented by x-ray, electromyogram, computerized tomography or magnetic resonance imaging;
- sprains or strains of the muscles, joints and adjacent tissues;
- 4. fibromyalgia, carpal tunnel syndrome, or repetitive motion syndrome; and
- 5. myofascial pain, or any craniomandibular or temporomandibular joint disorder (TMJ).

It does not include:

- 1. scoliosis that requires surgery, or spondylolisthesis of grade II or higher;
- 2. radiculopathies or herniated discs that are documented by x-ray, electromyogram, computerized tomography or magnetic resonance imaging;
- 3. tumors, malignancies, vascular malformations, or osteopathies;
- 4. myelopathies, myelitis, or demyelinating disease; or
- 5. lupus, or rheumatoid or psoriatic arthritis.

"Substance Abuse" means alcoholism, drug abuse, or chemical dependency of any type.

"Treatment Center" means a health care facility (or its medical or psychiatric unit) which:

- 1. is licensed, certified or approved by the state where it is located;
- 2. has a program for inpatient treatment of substance abuse; and
- 3. provides such treatment based upon a written plan approved and supervised by a Physician.

MANDATORY VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION BENEFIT PROVISION

BENEFIT. If an Insured Employee is Disabled and is receiving Policy benefits; then he or she may be eligible for a Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit. This Benefit consists of services which may include:

- 1. vocational evaluation, counseling, training or job placement;
- 2. job modification or special equipment; and
- 3. other services which the Company deems reasonably necessary to help the Insured Employee return to work.

The Company will determine the Insured Employee's eligibility and the amount of any Benefit payable.

ELIGIBILITY. An Insured Employee may be eligible for this Benefit, if the Company finds that he or she:

- has a Disability that prevents the performance of his or her regular occupation; and, after the Own Occupation Period, also lacks the skills, training or experience needed to perform any other Gainful Occupation;
- 2. has the physical and mental abilities needed to complete a Program; and
- 3. is reasonably expected to return to work after completing the Program; in view of the labor force demand for workers in the proposed occupation.

The Company must also find that the cost of the proposed services is less than its expected claim liability.

AMOUNT. The amount of any Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit will not exceed the Company's expected claims liability. This benefit will not be payable for services covered under the Insured Employee's health care plan or any other vocational rehabilitation program. Payment may be made to the provider of the services, at the Company's option.

CONDITIONS. Either the Company, the Insured Employee, or his or her Physician may first propose vocational rehabilitation. When a Program is approved by the Company, the Policy's definition of "Disability" will be waived during the rehabilitation period; but it will be reapplied after the Program ends. The Company will determine the amount and duration of any Long Term Disability benefits payable after the Program ends.

LIMITATIONS. The Policy will not cover any period of Disability:

- 1. for an Insured Employee who, without good cause, refuses to take part in good faith in a Program designed to return the person to work:
 - a. in his or her regular occupation, during the Own Occupation Period; or
 - b. in any Gainful Occupation after the Own Occupation Period; or
- 2. for an Insured Employee who has received a Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit and has failed to complete the Program, without Good Cause.

DEFINITIONS

"Gainful Occupation" means any occupation in which the Insured Employee:

- 1. is or could reasonably become qualified, considering his or her education, training, experience, and mental and physical abilities;
- 2. could reasonably find employment, considering the demand in the national labor force; and
- could earn (or reasonably expect to earn) a before-tax income at least equal to 60% of his or her Predisability Income, within 12 months of returning to work.

"Good Cause", as used in this provision, means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. documented physical or mental impairments, which render the Insured Employee unable to take part in or complete a Program;
- 2. involvement in a medical program, which prevents or interferes with the Insured Employee's taking part in or completing a Program; or
- 3. participating in good faith in some other vocational rehabilitation program, which:
 - a. conflicts with taking part in or completing a Program developed by the Company; and
 - b. is reasonably expected to return the Insured Employee to work.

"Program" means a written vocational rehabilitation program:

- 1. which the Company develops with input from the Insured Employee; his or her Physician; and any current or prospective employer, when appropriate; and
- 2. which describes the Program's goals; each party's responsibilities; and the times, dates and costs of the rehabilitation services.

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REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION BENEFIT

If an Insured Employee of the Employer is Disabled, and is receiving Policy benefits; then the Employer may be eligible for a Reasonable Accommodation Benefit. This Benefit reimburses the Employer for 50% of the expense incurred for reasonable accommodation services for the Insured Employee; but will not exceed:

- 1. a maximum benefit of \$5,000 for any one Insured Employee; or
- the Company's expected liability for the Insured Employee's Long Term Disability claim (whichever is less).

Such services may include:

- 1. providing the Insured Employee a more accessible parking space or entrance;
- 2. removing barriers or hazards to the Insured Employee from the worksite;
- 3. special seating, furniture or equipment for the Insured Employee's work station;
- 4. providing special training materials or translation services during the Insured Employee's training; and
- other services the Company deems reasonably necessary to help the Insured Employee return to work with the Employer.

ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFIT. The Company will determine the Employer's eligibility to receive the Benefit. To qualify for the Benefit, the Employer must have an Insured Employee:

- whose Disability prevents the performance of his or her regular occupation at the Employer's worksite;
- 2. who has the physical and mental abilities needed to perform his or her own or another occupation at the Employer's worksite; but only with the help of the proposed accommodation; and
- 3. who is reasonably expected to return to work with the help of the proposed accommodation.

The Company must also find that the requested Reasonable Accommodation Benefit is less than the expected liability for the Insured Employee's Long Term Disability claim.

WRITTEN PROPOSAL. The reasonable accommodation services must be provided in accord with a written proposal, which is developed with input from:

- 1. the Employer;
- 2. the Insured Employee; and
- 3. his or her Physician, when appropriate.

The proposal must state the purpose of the proposed accommodation; and the times, dates and costs of the services.

CONDITIONS. Either the Company, the Employer, the Insured Employee, or his or her Physician may first propose an accommodation.

The proposal must be approved by the Company in writing.

The Company will then reimburse the Employer, upon receipt of proof that the Employer:

- 1. has provided the services for the Insured Employee; and
- 2. has paid the provider for the services.

PRIOR INSURANCE CREDIT UPON TRANSFER OF INSURANCE CARRIERS

To prevent loss of coverage for an Employee because of a transfer of insurance carriers, the Policy will provide Prior Insurance Credit for employees insured under the prior carrier's policy on its termination date as follows.

FAILURE TO BE ACTIVELY-AT-WORK DUE TO INJURY OR SICKNESS. Subject to premium payments, the Policy will provide coverage to an Employee:

- 1. who was insured by the prior carrier's policy at the time of transfer; and
- 2. who was not Actively-At-Work due to Injury or Sickness on the Policy's Effective Date.

The coverage will be that provided by the prior carrier's policy, had it remained in force. The Company will pay:

- 1. the benefit that the prior carrier would have paid; minus
- 2. any amount for which the prior carrier is liable.

DISABILITY DUE TO A PRE-EXISTING CONDITION. Benefits may be payable for a Total Disability due to a Pre-Existing Condition for an Employee who:

- 1. was insured by the prior carrier's policy at the time of transfer; and
- 2. was Actively-At-Work and insured under the Policy on the Policy's Effective Date.

The benefits will be determined as follows:

- 1. The Company will apply the Policy's Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion. If the Insured Employee qualifies for benefits, such Insured Employee will be paid according to the Policy's benefit schedule.
- 2. If the Insured Employee cannot satisfy the Policy's Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion, but can satisfy the prior carrier's pre-existing condition exclusion giving consideration towards continuous time insured under both policies; then he or she will be paid in accord with the benefit schedule and all other terms, conditions and limitations of:
 - a. the Policy without applying the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion; or
 - b. the prior carrier's policy;
 - whichever is less.
- If the Insured Employee cannot satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion of the Policy or that of the prior carrier, no benefit will be paid.

FAMILY INCOME BENEFIT

The Company will pay a lump sum benefit to the Eligible Survivor, when proof is received that an Insured Employee died:

- 1. after Disability had continued for 180 or more consecutive days; and
- 2. while receiving a Monthly Benefit.

The benefit will be equal to three times the Insured Employee's Last Monthly Benefit.

"Last Monthly Benefit" means the gross Monthly Benefit payable to the Insured Employee immediately prior to death. Any reductions for Other Income Benefits, or for earnings the Insured Employee received for Partial Disability Employment, will not apply.

"Eligible Survivor" means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. surviving spouse; or, if none
- 2. surviving children who are under age 25 on the Insured Employee's date of death.

If payment becomes due to the Insured Employee's children; then payment will be made to:

- 1. the surviving children, in equal shares; or
- 2. a person named by the Company to receive payments on the children's behalf.

This payment will be valid and effective against all claims by others representing, or claiming to represent, the children.

If there are no Eligible Survivors, payment will be made to the Insured Employee's estate.

Three Month Survivor Benefit

RECOVERY BENEFIT FOR COMMISSIONED EMPLOYEES

BENEFIT. The Company will pay a Recovery Benefit to an Insured Employee who returns to Full-Time employment in his or her Own Occupation with the Employer and:

- 1. earned commissions as part of Predisability Income;
- 2. has received Total or Partial Disability Benefits for at least 1 month; and
- 3. upon return continues to earn commissions; and
- 4. earns less than 100% of Predisability Income.

AMOUNT. The amount of the Recovery Benefit equals the Insured Employee's Predisability Income minus all Other Income Benefits, limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit.

TERMINATION OF RECOVERY BENEFIT. An Insured Employee's Recovery Benefit will terminate on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee's earnings upon return to Full-Time employment equal or exceed 100% of Predisability Income; or
- 2. six months after the Insured Employee returns to Full-Time employment in his or her Own Occupation with the Employer.



LINCOLN FINANCIAL GROUP® PRIVACY PRACTICES NOTICE

The Lincoln Financial Group companies* are committed to protecting your privacy. To provide the products and services you expect from a financial services leader, we must collect personal information about you. We do not sell your personal information to third parties. We share your personal information with third parties as necessary to provide you with the products or services you request and to administer your business with us. This notice describes our current privacy practices. While your relationship with us continues, we will update and send our Privacy Practices Notice as required by law. Even after that relationship ends, we will continue to protect your personal information. You do not need to take any action because of this notice, but you do have certain rights as described below.

INFORMATION WE MAY COLLECT AND USE

We collect personal information about you to help us identify you as our customer or our former customer; to process your requests and transactions; to offer investment or insurance services to you; to pay your claim; or to tell you about our products or services we believe you may want and use. The type of personal information we collect depends on the products or services you request and may include the following:

- Information from you: You give us information when you submit your application or other forms, such as your name, address, Social Security number; and your financial, health, and employment history.
- Information about your transactions: We keep information about your transactions with us, such as the products you buy from us; the amount you paid for those products; your account balances; and your payment history.
- Information from outside our family of companies: If you are purchasing insurance products, we may collect information from consumer reporting agencies such as your credit history; credit scores; and driving and employment records. With your authorization, we may also collect information from other individuals or businesses, such as medical information.
- Information from your employer: If your employer purchases group products from us, we may obtain information
 about you from your employer in order to enroll you in the plan.

HOW WE USE YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION

We may share your personal information within our companies and with certain service providers. They use this information to process transactions you have requested; provide customer service; and inform you of products or services we offer that you may find useful. Our service providers may or may not be affiliated with us. They include financial service providers (for example, third party administrators; broker-dealers; insurance agents and brokers; registered representatives; reinsurers; and other financial services companies with whom we have joint marketing agreements). Our service providers also include non-financial companies and individuals (for example, consultants; vendors; and companies that perform marketing services on our behalf). Information obtained from a report prepared by a service provider may be kept by the service provider and shared with other persons; however, we require our service providers to protect your personal information and to use or disclose it only for the work they are performing for us, or as permitted by law.

When you apply for one of our products, we may share information about your application with credit bureaus. We also may provide information to group policy owners, regulatory authorities and law enforcement officials and to others when we believe in good faith that the law requires disclosure. In the event of a sale of all or part of our businesses, we may share customer information as part of the sale. We do not sell or share your information with outside marketers who may want to offer you their own products and services; nor do we share information we receive about you from a consumer reporting agency. You do not need to take any action for this benefit.

Lincoln Financial Group is the marketing name for Lincoln National Corporation and its affiliates.

SECURITY OF INFORMATION

Keeping your information safe is one of our most important responsibilities. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your information. Our employees are authorized to access your information only when they need it to provide you with products and services or to maintain your accounts. Employees who have access to your personal information are required to keep it strictly confidential. We provide training to our employees about the importance of protecting the privacy of your information.

Questions about your personal information should be directed to:

Lincoln Financial Group Attn: Enterprise Services Compliance-Privacy, 6C-00 1300 S. Clinton St. Fort Wayne, IN 46801

*This information applies to the following Lincoln Financial Group companies:

Allied Professional Advisors, Inc. First Penn-Pacific Life Insurance Company Hampshire Funding, Inc. Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company Jefferson Pilot Investment Advisory Corporation Jefferson Pilot LifeAmerica Insurance Company Jefferson Pilot Securities Corporation Jefferson Pilot Variable Fund, Inc. JPSC Insurance Services, Inc. Lincoln Financial Advisors Corporation Lincoln Life & Annuity Company of New York The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company

ADDITIONAL PRIVACY INFORMATION FOR INSURANCE PRODUCT CUSTOMERS

CONFIDENTIALITY OF MEDICAL INFORMATION

We understand you may be especially concerned about the privacy of your medical information. We do not sell or rent your medical information to anyone; nor do we share it with others for marketing purposes. We only use and share your medical information for the purpose of underwriting insurance, administering your policy or claim and other purposes permitted by law, such as disclosure to regulatory authorities or in response to a legal proceeding.

MAKING SURE MEDICAL INFORMATION IS ACCURATE

We want to make sure we have accurate information about you. Upon written request, we will tell you, within 30 business days, what personal information we have about you. You may see a copy of your personal information in person or receive a copy by mail, whichever you prefer. We will share with you who provided the information. In some cases we may provide your medical information to your personal physician. We will not provide you with information we have collected in connection with, or in anticipation of, a claim or legal proceeding. If you believe that any of our records are not correct, you may write and tell us of any changes you believe should be made. We will respond to your request within 30 business days. A copy of your request will be kept on file with your personal information so anyone reviewing your information in the future will be aware of your request. If we make changes to your records as a result of your request, we will notify you in writing and we will send the updated information, at your request, to any person who may have received the information within the prior two years. We will also send the updated information to any insurance support organization that gave us the information, and any service provider that received the information within the prior seven years.

Questions about your personal medical information should be directed to:

Lincoln Financial Group Attn: Medical Underwriting P.O. Box 21008 Greensboro, NC 27420-1008

The CONFIDENTIALITY OF MEDICAL INFORMATION and MAKING SURE INFORMATION IS ACCURATE sections of this Notice apply to the following Lincoln Financial Group companies:

First Penn-Pacific Life Insurance Company Jefferson Pilot Financial Insurance Company Jefferson Pilot LifeAmerica Insurance Company Lincoln Life & Annuity Company of New York The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company

Corpus Christi Regional Transportation Authority CRTA1211 Platinum

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Standard Details	LTD 1	LTD 2
Carrier Name	LIDI	LID2
Plan Name		
Plan Type (LTD)		
Group Number (include suffix)		
Original Effective Date		
Renewal Date *		
Is this plan currently new or existing?	Select one	Select one
For terminated employees, when should the benefits be terminated?	Select one	Select one
Is the billing for this plan list or self billed?	Select one	Select one
What type of plan is this, i.e. Basic or Supplemental?	Select one	Select one
Carrier Eligibility/Account Rep Name	Concert on C	
Carrier Eligibility/Account Rep Phone		
Carrier Eligibility/Account Rep Email		
Employees eligible for this plan. Example: FT/PT, listing of		
Locations, Classes, etc.		
Rates		
Maximum monthly benefit amount (\$) Benefit percentage		
Rate is	0	
	\$per \$	\$per \$
Rate is calculated based on unit of:	Select one	Select one
Is salary rounded to nearest dollar?	Select Yes or No	Select Yes or No
Are rates age based? If yes, please attach rate table,	Select Yes or No	Select Yes or No
When do you advance participant's age?	Select one	Select one
Age Banded Rates		Carlos and a second
Ages	Monthly Rate	Monthly Rate
f this happen is been den enter		
If this benefit is based on salary when should the volumes		a sub-
be updated?	Select one	Select one
Do any grandfathering rules apply to this plan? Please		
explain.		
f Voluntary/Contributory		
Guaranteed Issue Amount		
When is EOI required for a New Hire?	Select one	Select one
When is EOI required for a Late Entrant?	Select one	Select one
When is EOI required at Open Enrollment for employees		
with existing coverage?	Select one	Select one
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without existing coverage?	Select one	Saladiana
Additional Information	SUBSE ONE	Select one
Additional notes or comments?		and the second sec
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Feed Status	Calast One	0.1.10
BIO Review Notes - Implementation	Select One	Select One
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Corpus Christi Regional Transportation Authority CRTA1211 Platinum

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Details	LTD 3	LTD 4
Carrier Name	LIDO	104
Plan Name		
Plan Type (LTD)		
Group Number (include suffix)		
Original Effective Date		
Renewal Date		
s this plan currently new or existing?	Colorit and	Ordenter
	Select one	Select one
For terminated employees, when should the benefits be terminated?	Calendary	2.1.1
	Select one	Select one
Is the billing for this plan list or self billed?	Select one	Select one
What type of plan is this, i.e. Basic or Supplemental?	Select one	Select one
Carrier Eligibility/Account Rep Name		
Carrier Eligibility/Account Rep Phone		
Carrier Eligibility/Account Rep Email		
Employees eligible for this plan. Example: FT/PT, listing of		
Locations, Classes, etc.		
Rates		
Maximum monthly benefit amount (\$)		
Benefit percentage		
Rate is	\$per \$	\$per \$
Rate is calculated based on unit of:	Select one	Select one
is salary rounded to nearest dollar?	Select Yes or No	Select Yes or No
Are rates age based? If yes, please attach rate table.	Select Yes or No	Select Yes or No
When do you advance participant's age?	Select one	Select one
Age Banded Rates		
Ages	Monthly Rate	Monthly Rate
	Monally Mate	Monuny Rate
f this benefit is based on salary when should the volumes		
be updated?	Select one	Select one
Do any grandfathering rules apply to this plan? Please		
explain.		
f Voluntary/Contributory		
Guaranteed Issue Amount		
When is EOI required for a New Hire?	Select one	Select one
When is EOI required for a Late Entrant?	Select one	
When is EOI required at Open Enrollment for employees	Select One	Select one
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with existing coverage?	Select one	Select one
When is EOI required at Open Enrollment for employees		
without existing coverage?	Select one	Select one
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Feed Status	Select One	Select One
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BIO Review Notes - EDI		
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Carrier file/format type		
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